
TRAFFIC IMPACT STATEMENT

For

Santa Barbara Blvd & Golden Gate Pkwy Commercial Sub-District (Collier County, Florida)

February 21, 2018
Revised June 4, 2018

County TIS Review Fees

TIS Methodology Review Fee = \$500.00

TIS (Major Study) Review Fee = \$1,500.00

Prepared by:

JMB TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING, INC.
4711 7TH AVENUE SW
NAPLES, FLORIDA 34119

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 27830

(PROJECT NO. 180219)

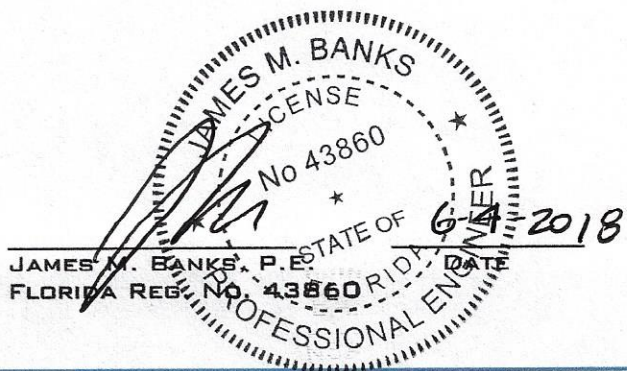


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Conclusions	2
Scope of Project	2
Table A - Proposed Land Uses	2
Figure 1	2.1
Project Generated Traffic	3
Table B - Net New Site-Generated Trips	3
Table 1 - Trip Generation Computations	3.1 thru 3.3
Existing + Committed Road Network	4
Project Traffic Distribution	4
Area of Significant Impact	4
Figure 2A - Project Traffic Distribution	4.1
Table 2A - Area of Impact/Road Classification	4.2
Figure 2B - Project Traffic Assignment	4.3
2017 thru 2021 Project Build-out Traffic Conditions	5
Table 2B - 2017 & 2021 Link Volumes	5.1
Table 2C - 2021 Link Volumes/Capacity Analysis	5.2

Conclusions

Based upon the findings of this report, it was determined that the proposed rezoning and future development of Santa Barbara Boulevard & Golden Gate Parkway Commercial Sub-District will not have a negative impact upon the surrounding road network. It was verified that all roads, within the project's area of influence, currently have a surplus of capacity and can accommodate the traffic associated with the proposed mixed-use development that may consist of a K thru 12 charter school, a gas-n-convenience store, a fast food restaurant, and a miscellaneous commercial retail land use. As determined, the road network will continue to operate at acceptable levels of service for 2021 project build-out conditions and will not create any off-site transportation deficiencies that need to be mitigated.

Note, site access conditions and off-site intersection impacts/mitigation will be evaluated at the time of acquiring SDP approval.

Scope of Project

Santa Barbara Boulevard & Golden Gate Parkway Commercial Sub-District is a proposed multi-use project that may consist of a K thru 12 charter school (1400 students), a gas-n-convenience (9,000 s.f. store & 16 fueling positions), a fast food restaurant w/ drive thru (6,000 s.f.), and 6,500 s.f. of retail/office. The site is located on the southwest corner of Santa Barbara Boulevard & Golden Gate Parkway, within Collier County, Florida. It is proposed to have two (2) points of access on Santa Barbara Boulevard and one (1) access on Golden Gate Parkway. The northern access on Santa Barbara is intended to serve the commercial uses and will be restricted to right-in/out access and the southern access will primarily serve the charter school and will be a directional left-in median opening. It is expected that commercial trips from south will also use this access. The access on Golden Gate Parkway will be a left-in median opening and will be shared by the school and commercial land uses.

Table A
Proposed Land Uses

Proposed Land Uses	Number of Units or Size
Charter School (K thru 12)	1,400 Students
Retail/Office	5,000 s.f.
Fast Food w/ Drive-Thru	5,000 s.f.
Gas n Convenience Store	7,000 s.f. & 16 Fuel Positions



Project Generated Traffic

Traffic that can be expected to be generated by the project was estimated based upon the guidelines established by the Institute of Transportation Engineers, Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition. That is, historical traffic data collected at similar land uses was relied upon in estimating the project's traffic. It was determined that land use code "Charter School K-12" (LUC 537), "Variety Store" (LUC 814), "Fast Food w/ Drive-Thru" (LUC 934), and "Super Convenience/Gas station" (LUC 960) were most representative of the most intense land uses that could be developed.

As agreed to with staff, the school's PM peak hour trips were estimated based upon the "highest peak hour generator", which mostly occur before 4:00 PM. Therefore, the trips were reduced by 50% to reflect trips on the network between the hours of 4-6 PM. Also, the site currently has an existing private school of 150 students. Therefore, trip estimates were performed for the existing, proposed and net new trips associated with the school land use.

The total estimated commercial trips were adjusted for pass-by trips and also it was estimated that 15% of the "new" commercial trips would be captured trips that will be generated by the charter school.

Table 1 provides a detail of the total estimated trips and adjustments discussed above.

As determined, the project could generate 6,043 daily trips and 1,856 vph and 699 vph new trips during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

Table B
New Site-Generated Trips
(Summation of Table 1)

Daily New Weekday Trips Generated (ADT)	New AM Peak Hour Trips Generated (vph)	New PM Peak Hour Trips Generated (vph)
6,043	1,856	699

TABLE 1

(Page 1 of 3)

TRIP GENERATION COMPUTATIONS

Santa Barbara Boulevard & Golden Gate Parkway Commerical Sub-District

Land Use

<u>Code</u>	<u>Land Use Description</u>		<u>Existing Land Use</u>
537	Charter Elementary School	(150 existing students)	150 Existing Students
537	Charter Elementary School	(150 existing + 1250 proposed students)	1,400 Total Students
814	Variety Store		5,000 s.f.
934	Fast Food Restaurant w/ Drive Thru Window		5,000 s.f.
960	Super Convenience/Gas Station		7,000 s.f.
960	Super Convenience/Gas Station		16 Fuel Positions

<u>Code</u>	<u>Trip Period</u>	<u>Trip Generation Equation</u>	<u>Total Trips</u>	<u>Trips Enter/Exit</u>
LUC 537	Daily Traffic (ADT) =	$T = 1.85(X) =$	278 ADT	
	AM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T = 1.17(X) - 34.68 =$	141 vph	75 / 66 vph
		53% Enter/ 47% Exit =		
	PM Peak Hour (vph) =	$[Ln(T) = 0.98Ln(X) - 0.30] \times 50\% =$	50 vph	23 / 27 vph
		46% Enter/ 54% Exit =		
LUC 537	Daily Traffic (ADT) =	$T = 1.85(X) =$	2,590 ADT	
	AM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T = 1.17(X) - 34.68 =$	1,603 vph	850 / 753 vph
		53% Enter/ 47% Exit =		
	PM Peak Hour (vph) =	$[Ln(T) = 0.98Ln(X) - 0.30] \times 50\% =$	449 vph	207 / 242 vph
		46% Enter/ 54% Exit =		
	Net New School Trips =	Daily Traffic (ADT) =	2,313 ADT	
		AM Peak Hour (vph) =	1,462 vph	775 / 687 vph
		PM Peak Hour (vph) =	398 vph	184 / 214 vph

LUC 814	Daily Traffic (ADT) =	$T = 63.47(X) =$	317 ADT	
	AM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T = 3.18(X) =$	16 vph	9 / 7 vph
		57% Enter/ 43% Exit =		
	PM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T = 6.84(X) =$	34 vph	18 / 16 vph
		52% Enter/ 48% Exit =		
Pass-by Trips per Collier County= 25%		25% Pass-by Rate		
	New Daily Traffic (ADT) =	(ADT) x (% of New Trips)	238 ADT	
	New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	(AM) x (% of New Trips)	12 vph	7 / 5 vph
		62% Enter/ 38% Exit =		
	New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	(PM) x (% of New Trips)	26 vph	13 / 13 vph
		48% Enter/ 52% Exit =		

TABLE 1

(Page 2 of 3)

TRIP GENERATION COMPUTATIONS**Santa Barbara Boulevard & Golden Gate Parkway Commerical Sub-District**

<u>Code</u>	<u>Trip Period</u>	<u>Trip Generation Equation</u>	<u>Total Trips</u>	<u>Trips Enter/Exit</u>
LUC 934	Daily Traffic (ADT) =	$T = 470.95(X) =$	2,355 ADT	
	AM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T = 40.19(X) =$	201 vph	103 / 98 vph
		51% Enter/ 49% Exit =		
	PM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T = 32.67(X) =$	163 vph	85 / 78 vph
		52% Enter/ 48% Exit =		

*Pass-by Trips per ITE= 50%***50% Pass-by Rate**

New Daily Traffic (ADT) =	(ADT) x (% of New Trips)	1,177 ADT	
New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	(AM) x (% of New Trips)	100 vph	51 / 49 vph
	51% Enter/ 49% Exit =		
New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	(PM) x (% of New Trips)	82 vph	43 / 39 vph
	52% Enter/ 48% Exit =		

*Shared Trip Adjustment = 15%***15% Shared Trip Adjustment**

New Daily Traffic (ADT) =	(ADT) x (% of New Trips)	1,001 ADT	
New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	(AM) x (% of New Trips)	85 vph	43 / 42 vph
	51% Enter/ 49% Exit =		
New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	(PM) x (% of New Trips)	69 vph	36 / 33 vph
	52% Enter/ 48% Exit =		

Land Use

<u>Code</u>	<u>Trip Period</u>	<u>Trip Generation Equation</u>	<u>Total Trips</u>	<u>Trips Enter/Exit</u>
LUC 960	Daily Traffic (ADT) =	<u>(Based upon Square Feet)</u>	5,863 ADT	
	AM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T = 837.58(X) =$	697 vph	348 / 349 vph
		$T = 137.38(X) - 264.53 =$		
	PM Peak Hour (vph) =	50% Enter/ 50% Exit =	485 vph	242 / 243 vph
		$T = 69.28(X) =$		
		50% Enter/ 50% Exit =		

*Pass-by Trips per Colier County = 50%***50% Pass-by Rate**

New Daily Traffic (ADT) =		2,932 ADT	
New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	(ADT) x (% of New Trips)	349 vph	174 / 175 vph
	(AM) x (% of New Trips)		
New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	50% Enter/ 50% Exit =	242 vph	121 / 121 vph
	(PM) x (% of New Trips)		
	50% Enter/ 50% Exit =		

*Shared Trip Adjustment = 15%***15% Shared Trip Adjustment**

New Daily Traffic (ADT) =	(ADT) x (% of New Trips)	2,492 ADT	
New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	(AM) x (% of New Trips)	296 vph	151 / 145 vph
	51% Enter/ 49% Exit =		
New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	(PM) x (% of New Trips)	206 vph	107 / 99 vph
	52% Enter/ 48% Exit =		

TABLE 1

(Page 3 of 3)

TRIP GENERATION COMPUTATIONS

Santa Barbara Boulevard & Golden Gate Parkway Commerical Sub-District*Land Use*

<u>Code</u>	<u>Trip Period</u>	<u>Trip Generation Equation</u> <u>(Based upon Fuel Positions)</u>	<u>Total Trips</u>	<u>Trips Enter/Exit</u>
LUC 960	Daily Traffic (ADT) =	$T=230.52(X) =$	3,688 ADT	
	AM Peak Hour (vph) =	$T=28.08(X) =$	449 vph	225 / 225 vph
	PM Peak Hour (vph) =	50% Enter/ 50% Exit = $T=22.96(X) =$ 50% Enter/ 50% Exit =	367 vph	184 / 184 vph
Pass-by Trips per Colier County = 50%		50% Pass-by Rate		
	New Daily Traffic (ADT) =		1,844 ADT	
	New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	(ADT) x (% of New Trips) (AM) x (% of New Trips)	225 vph	112 / 112 vph
	New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	50% Enter/ 50% Exit = (PM) x (% of New Trips)	184 vph	92 / 92 vph

Total CommericalTrips		Pass-by Daily Traffic (ADT) =	7,919 ADT	
		Pass-by AM Peak Hour (vph) =	846 vph	429 / 417 vph
		Pass-by PM Peak Hour (vph) =	634 vph	324 / 310 vph
Total Commerical Pass-by Trips		Pass-by Daily Traffic (ADT) =	4,188 ADT	
		Pass-by AM Peak Hour (vph) =	453 vph	227 / 225 vph
		Pass-by PM Peak Hour (vph) =	333 vph	168 / 165 vph
Total Commerical New Trips		New Daily Traffic (ADT) =	3,731 ADT	
		New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	393 vph	201 / 192 vph
		New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	301 vph	156 / 145 vph

TOTALS		New Daily Traffic (ADT) =	6,043 ADT	
		New AM Peak Hour (vph) =	1,856 vph	977 / 879 vph
		New PM Peak Hour (vph) =	699 vph	340 / 359 vph

Existing + Committed Road Network

Figure 1 and Table 2A provide a detail of the surrounding E + C road network. Table 2A also shows the roads' respective minimum level of service performance standards and capacity. As shown, there are no significant 5-year committed roadway improvements within the project's area of impact. However, the .

Santa Barbra Boulevard varies from a four-lane to a six-lane major arterial that has a north/south orientation between its southern terminus at its intersection with Rattlesnake Hammock Road and its northern terminus at its intersection with Green Boulevard where the roadway continues north to Immokalee Road and is known as Logan Boulevard. Between Green Boulevard and Golden Gate Parkway, Santa Barbara Boulevard is classified as a four-lane divided arterial having a maximum service capacity of 2,100 vphpd. Between Golden Gate Boulevard and Rattlesnake Hammock Road, Santa Barbara Boulevard is classified as a six-lane divided arterial having a maximum service capacity of 3,100 vphpd. Within proximity of the site, the posted speed limit of Santa Barbara Boulevard is 45 MPH.

Golden Gate Parkway varies from a four-lane to a six-lane major arterial that has an east/west orientation between its western terminus at its intersection with U.S. 41 and its eastern terminus at its intersection with Collier Boulevard. Golden Gate Parkway (west of Santa Barbara Boulevard), is classified as a six-lane divided arterial having a maximum service capacity of 3,300 vphpd. Golden Gate Parkway (east of Santa Barbara Boulevard) is classified as a four-lane divided arterial having a maximum service capacity of 1,800 vphpd. Within proximity of the site, the posted speed limit of Golden Gate Parkway is 45 MPH.

Project Traffic Distribution

The project's traffic was distributed to the surrounding road network based upon logical means of ingress/egress, current and future traffic patterns in the area, and the location of surrounding residential areas as well as other schools was considered. Figure 2A and Table 2A provide a detail of the traffic distributions based on a percentage basis. Figure 2B and Table 2A depict the trip assignments to the site access and nearby intersections.

As shown on Table 2A, the report estimates that the trips associated with the fast food (LUC 934) and the gas-n-convenience store (LUC 960) will have a 50% absorption of their trips within the a 2-mile radius of the site.

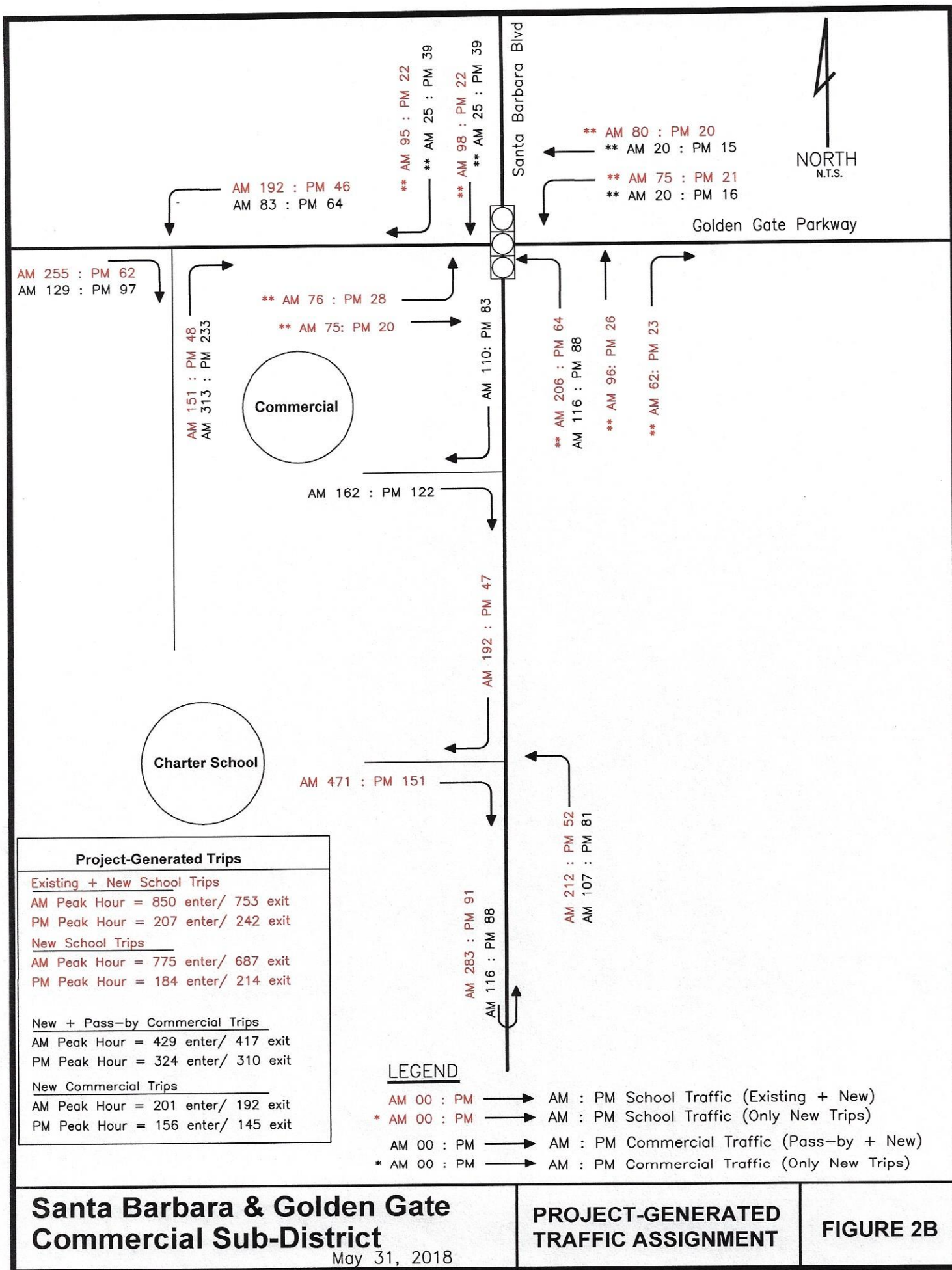
Area of Significant Impact

The area of significant impact was determined based upon Collier County's 2%, 2% and 3% criteria (i.e., if the project's traffic is 2% or more of a roadway's adopted level of service capacity, then the project has a significant impact upon that link). Table 2A describes the project traffic distributions and the level of impact on the surrounding roadways. Roads that were identified as being within the projects area impact are identified in Table 2A.



TABLE 2A
PROJECT'S AREA OF IMPACT

		359 Exiting	340 Entering	287 Exiting	262 Entering												
Project Traffic Peak Direction (vphpd) =																	
Project Traffic Non-Peak Direction (vph) =																	
Project Traffic Peak Direction (vphpd) =																	
Project Traffic Non-Peak Direction (vph) =																	
	Road Class	LOS Service		Project		Project		Project		Project		Project		Project		Percent Impact	Significant Impact
		PK Dir.	Volume	Traffic	PK Hr	PK Dir	PK Hr	PK Dir	PK Hr	Non-Pk Dir	Non-Pk	DIR	Impact	Standard	Impact		
19.0 20.1 20.2 21.0 22.0	Golden Gate Pkwy	6D	4350	5.0%	14	W	13	E	3%				0.33%	3%		NO	
	Goodlette-Frank to Airport	6D	3300	10.0%	29	W	26	E	3%				0.87%	3%		NO	
	Airport Road to Livingston	6D	3300	22.0%	79	W	75	E	2%				2.39%	2%		YES	
	Livingston to I-75	6D	3300	30.0%	108	W	102	E	2%				3.26%	2%		YES	
	I-75 to Santa Barbara	4D	1800	20.0%	72	E	68	W	2%				3.99%	2%		YES	
32.1	County Road 951	4D	2300	10.0%	29	N	26	S	3%				1.25%	3%		NO	
	Green Blvd to Golden Gate Pkwy	2U	900	2%	6	E	5	W	2%				0.64%	2%		NO	
	C.R. 951 to Santa Barbara	2U	1000	8%	23	N	21	S	3%				2.30%	3%		NO	
48.0 49.0 50.0	Logan Blvd	4D	1900	20%	72	N	68	S	2%				3.78%	2%		YES	
	Vanderbilt to Pine Ridge Rd	2U	1000	3%	9	N	8	S	3%				0.86%	3%		NO	
	Pine Ridge Rd to Green Blvd	6D	2800	2%	6	E	5	E	3%				0.21%	3%		NO	
68.0 125.0	Pine Ridge Road	4D	2400	10%	29	E	26	E	3%				1.20%	3%		NO	
	I-75 to Logan Blvd	4D	1800	8.0%	23	W	21	E	3%				1.28%	3%		NO	
70.0 71.0	Radio Road	4D	1800	2.0%	6	E	5	W	3%				0.32%	3%		NO	
	Livingston to Santa Barbara	4D	2100	25%	90	N	85	S	3%				4.27%	3%		YES	
76.0 77.0 78.0 79.0	Santa Barbara Blvd	6D	3100	25%	90	S	85	N	2%				2.90%	2%		YES	
	Green to Golden Gate Pkwy	6D	3100	12.0%	43	S	41	N	2%				1.39%	2%		NO	
	Golden Gate Pkwy to Radio Rd	6D	3100	8.0%	23	S	21	N	2%				0.74%	2%		NO	



Santa Barbara & Golden Gate Commercial Sub-District

May 31, 2018

PROJECT-GENERATED TRAFFIC ASSIGNMENT

FIGURE 2B

2017 thru 2021 Project Build-out Traffic Conditions

In order to establish 2017 thru 2021 project build-out traffic conditions, two forecasting methods were used.

The first traffic forecasting method was the County's traffic count data was adjusted for peak season conditions, peak hour conditions, peak direction, and an annual growth rate was then applied. The peak season/peak hour/peak direction factor as shown on Table 2B was derived from the 2017 Collier County AUIR Reports. The annual growth rate was also obtained from the 2017 AUIR Report. Using the annual growth rate, the 2021 background traffic conditions were determined, which are depicted in Table 2B.

The second traffic forecasting method was to add the vested trips (trip bank) identified in the 2017 AUIR report to the adjusted peak season, peak hour and peak direction traffic counts. The 2021 vested trips "+" background traffic volumes are depicted in Table 2B.

The greater of the two values produced by the two forecasting procedures was then considered to reflect the 2021 background traffic. The net new project generated traffic was then added to the background traffic. Table 2C provides a summary of the 2017 thru 2021 traffic conditions and the roadways' level of service and remaining available capacity. As shown, all project impacted roadways will continue to operate at the County's adopted minimum level of service thresholds at project build-out.

TABLE 2B
2017 & 2021 ROADWAY LINK VOLUMES

		Per Growth Rate Method				Per Vested Trips Method			
		2021				2021			
		2017 AUIR Traffic (vphpd)	AUIR PK DIR	Growth Rate per AUIR	Peak Hour PK Direction Background (vphpd)	Trip Bank (vphpd)	Peak Hour PK Direction Background Per Vested Trips (vphpd)		
20.1	Golden Gate Pkwy								
20.2	Airport Road to Livingston	2200	E	2.00%	2381	0	2200		
21.0	Livingston to I 75	2770	E	2.00%	2998	1	2771		
21.0	I-75 to Santa Barbara	1960	E	2.00%	2122	14	1974		
22.0	Santa Barbara to Collier Blvd	1550	E	2.00%	1678	67	1617		
48.0	Logan Blvd								
49.0	Vanderbilt to Pine Ridge Rd	710	N	2.45%	782	35	745		
50.0	Pine Ridge Rd to Green Blvd	1570	S	3.61%	1809	0	1570		
	Immokalee Rd to Vanderbilt	560	N	4.00%	655	30	590		
76.0	Santa Barbara Blvd								
77.0	Green to Golden Gate Pkwy	1270	N	2.00%	1375	0	1270		
78.0	Golden Gate Pkwy to Radio Rd	1810	N	2.34%	1985	54	1864		
79.0	Radio Rd to Davis Blvd	1350	N	3.98%	1578	213	1563		
	Davis to Rattlesnake	890	S	4.00%	1041	112	1002		

TABLE 2C

5.2